HOW GPRHCS WORKS



IMPROVED ENABLING ENVIRONMENTS Supporting policies and strategies development, promoting coordination and partnerships, building political commitment.

39 of 46 countries have put in place national guidelines and protocols that include a rights-based approach to reproductive health commodity security and family planning.



INCREASED DEMAND FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH **COMMODITIES**

When people become aware of their needs and rights to access family planning services, demand for these services grows.

All 46 countries conduct advocacy and demand-generation activities, often reaching adolescents and youth with age-appropriate reproductive health information and youth-friendly services.



IMPROVED EFFICIENCY FOR PROCUREMENT AND SUPPLY OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH COMMODITIES

Making procurement processes efficient and environmentally friendly, and delivering an appropriate mix of quality commodities to countries based on their needs.

In 2013, lead times dropped from 12 weeks to three weeks for male condoms. 16 weeks to two weeks for fistula kits. The price of contraceptive implants was reduced by more than 50 per cent following an agreement with manufacturers.



IMPROVED ACCESS Removing barriers to **TO QUALITY REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES**

accessing quality reproductive health services for poor and marginalized women and girls.

UNFPA supports the efforts of government and other partners to strengthen youth-friendly and community-based services as well as services in humanitarian settings.



STRENGTHENED NATIONAL **CAPACITY** AND **SYSTEMS**

Access is about going the last mile to reach the most in need individuals. This requires proper policies and functional logistics management systems.

In 2013, 32 of GPRHCS 46 countries had logistics systems in place and 25 countries had budget line allocations for reproductive health supplies.

FUNDING NEEDS

SCALING UP from 17 to 46 PRIORITY COUNTRIES



GPRHCS

Scaling Up for Impact

Too often, effective and inexpensive reproductive health supplies do not reach the people who need them.

These supplies have the power to change lives - and to save them.

In 2007, UNFPA launched the **GLOBAL PROGRAMME TO ENHANCE** REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH COMMODITY SECURITY (GPRHCS), a fund that supports countries' efforts to build stronger health systems and ensure access to a reliable supply of contraceptives and condoms for family planning and HIV/STI prevention, and life-saving medicines for maternal health.

From 2013 to 2020, priority support will be provided to 46 countries grappling with high maternal death rates. low rates of contraceptive use and a growing unmet need for family planning.



DELIVERING RESULTS

CONTRACEPTIVES ARE SAVING LIVES



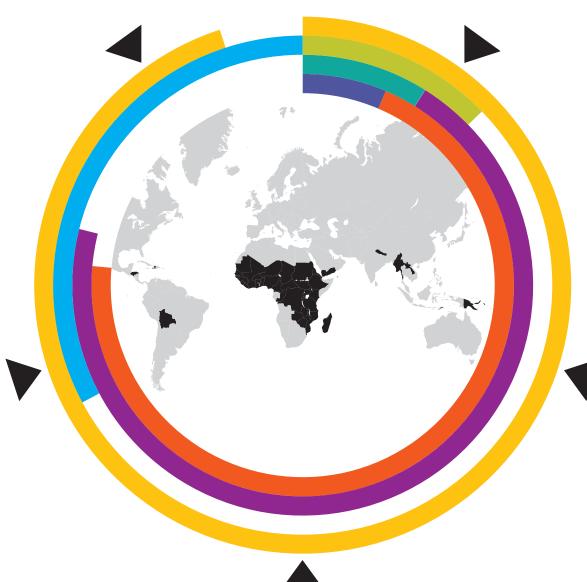
The contraceptives procured by GPRHCS in 2013 had the potential to avert an estimated

9.5 million unintended pregnancies 27,300 maternal deaths

Universal access to family planning could reduce maternal deaths 33%

EFFECTIVENESS

Rigorous performance monitoring and full oversight by donors helps to ensure the programme remains efficient, effective and transparent.



USE OF MODERN CONTRACEPTION HAS INCREASED SUBSTANTIALLY

2003-2012. Increased from 9% to 22%

2008-2013. Increased from 6.7% to 15.6%

+6.5% points

2006-2012. Increased from 24.8% to 31.3%

BETTER ACCESS TO A BROAD RANGE OF CONTRACEPTIVES AT ALL LEVELS

At least **modern** methods of





are now available in more than

of primary health-care facilities in 12 of GPRHCS 46 countries

ESSENTIAL MATERNAL HEALTH SUPPLIES ARE SAVING LIVES

At least 7 essential life-saving maternal health medicines

are available in more than of the service delivery points in nine of 46 GPRHCS countries